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Review Article

EKAMOOLIKA PRAYOGA MENTIONED IN SUSHRUTHA SAMHITA

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ABSTRACT

Ekamoolika prayoga is the common and convenient way of prescribing medicine Ayurveda. Sushrutha samhita is one of the treatises famous for surgery and medicine. Eventhough there are abundant formulations mentioned in by Acharya sushrutha for various diseases there are also many Ekamoolika prayogas which have equal importance. There are single drugs mentioned for both maintainace of health and also treating diseases. We can also find medicines used both internally and externally. There are over 300 Ekamoolika prayoga mentioned in Sushrutha samhita which includes prescription for many diseases such as Krimi, Prameha, Graha Pratishedha, Netra roga, Twak vikara, Udara, Vrana etc. and also single drugs are mentioned for Rasayana, Vajeekarana and Swasthahita purpose. Different Anupana are mentioned based on the different Dosha involved in the disease. Encouraging the use of Ekamoolika prayoga is not only easy and convenient but also econonomical. It aims mainly on conservation thus avoiding the exploitation of drugs which are rare.

INTRODUCTION

Ayurveda is considered as one of the most ancient and well documented system of medicine. *Dravyaguna* is an integral part of Ayurveda, which mainly deals with *Rasa panchaka* and *Prayoga* of the medicinal plants. There is no exact and clearcut information that how and from when usage of medicine started. However is there are so many evidences available to prove that there was usage of plants as medicine during Vedic period.

Systematic utility of herbs can be found in *Rigveda-Oushadhi sukta* and also in *Atharvaveda*. Single drug therapy was more in practice during the Vedic period. There are also so many single drug indications mentioned by *Acharyas* during Samhita period and Nighantu period. Many Ayurveda *Chikitsa grantha* and Nighantu also emphasizes more on *Ekamoolika prayoga*, and given list for diseases along with the *Ekamoolika prayoka* used. Use of single drugs as medicine is the most convenient way of healing oneself and family in country like India as many kitchen



ingredients have medicinal property. Not only Ayurveda other traditional system of medicine including folklore practices mainly concentrate on single drug treatment. Sushrutha samhita is one of the treatises concentrated mainly on surgery and medicine. Even though there is so much of information available in Sushrutha Samhita regarding surgical procedures and compound formulation for various diseases there is also abundant information available about *Ekamoolika prayoga*. Thus here is a small attempt to enlist the *Ekamoolika prayoga* mentioned in Sushrutha samhita.

AIMS AND OBJECTIVES

To enlist various *Ekamoolika prayoga* along with *Anupana* and other details mentioned in Sushrutha Samhita and arranging according to the drugs name.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

Karira (Capparis deciduas, Capparidaceae)

Grita sadhita karira phala is told as best for *Netra*. (u.17-51)

Varuna (Crataeva nurvala, Capparidaceae)

- In *Anjana visha*, paste prepared from *Varuna niryasa* in water is used as *Anjana*. (ka. 1/70)
- Varuna kwata is used for Pratishedha in Pootana graham. (u. 32/3)

Tuvaraka (Hydnocarpus laurifolia, Flacourticeae)

- Tuvaraka majja is used for Shodhana. (ci.13)
- Tuvaraka majja should be given Puta and the powder should be mixed with Taila, Saindava and Anjana and used. This is best for Netra. (ci.14)

Nagakesara (Mesua ferrea, Guttiferae)

• Nagakesara sookshma choorna 3 Ratti with Madhu and Sharkara should be given in Hikka.

Karpasa (Gossypium indicum, Malvaceae)

- *Karna poorana* with *Sarjarasatvak choorna* and *Karpasa phala swarasa* should be advised in *Karna srava*. (u. 21/43)
- Karpasa phala swarasa with Madhu, as Karna poorana in Karna poorana. (u. 48/37)

Bala (Sida cordifolia, Malvaceae)

- 1 *Pala* of *Bala moola choorna* with *Ksheera* is advised for continuously 12 days to have the effect of *Rasayana*. (ci. 27)
- Bala moola choorna with Madhu is advised in Swarabedha. (u.53)

Atibala (Abutilon indicum, Malvaceae)

• Atibala moola choorna with Jala produces good Rasayana effect. (ci. 27)

Shalmali (Bombax malabaricum, Bombocaceae)

- Sheetakashaya of Shalmali vrinta with Madhuyashti choorna and Madhu is advised in Shoola vibandha (u.40)
- *Shalmali kashaya* is advised in *Raktapitta*. (u. 40)

Atasi (Linum usitatissimum, Linaceae)

- Atasi in Ksheera is done paste and applied for Shoola in Vatarakta. (ci. 29)
- *Atasi taila* is best in *Prameha*. (ci. 31/5)

Madhavi (Hiptage benghalensis, Malpighiaceae)

• Ankura of Madhavi with Grita is advised as Pathya for Rakta pitta patient. (u. 45)

Gokshura (Tribulus terrestris, Zygophyllaceae)

 Gokshura choorna with Madhu and Mesha ksheera as Anupana for 7days is advised in Ashmari patient. (ci. 7)

Cangeri (Oxalis corniculata, Oxalidaceae)

Cangeri swarasa – 1part, Dadhi – 4 part with Pippali etc Kalka. Gritha is prepared and given in Grahani. (u. 40/180)

Beejapooraka (Citrus medica, Rutaceae)

- Matulunga kesara with Madhu and Saindava should be kept in mouth to get relieve of Asyavairasya in Jwara. (u. 39)
- Beejapoora moola twak choorna and Pushpa choorna in equal quantity in Tandulodaka should be taken in Raktapitta. (u. 47)

Kapittha (Feronia elephantum, Rutaceae)

 Kapittha pushpa rasa is given as antidote in Anjana visha. (ka. 1)

- In *Chradi kapittha patra swarasa* is advised to take repeatedly with *Madhu* and *Pippali*. (u. 49)
- *Kapittha patra swarasa* with *Rajadana* is advised for *Lepa* in *Nyaccha*, *Vyanga*, *Nilika*. (ci. 20)

Bilwa (Aegle marmelos, Rutaceae)

- *Bilwa kantaka* is put in the neck of child, affected with *Skanda graha* in the form of garland. (u. 28)
- Apakwa bilwa majja choorna with Yashtimadhu, Madhu and Sharkara is advised in case of Pittatisara and Raktatisara. (Tandulodaka as Anupana). (ci. 40)

Ingudi (Balanitis aegyptiaca, Balanitaceae)

- Shirisha and Ingudi phala majja kalka with Madhu is advised in Mooshika visha. (ka. 7/12)
- *Ingudi phala majja* with *Yashti madhu* is given in case of *Raktapitta*. (u. 45/26)
- *Ingudi taila* is advised for external application in case of *Dushta vrana*. (ci. 21/5)

Aralu (Ailanthus excels, Simarubaceae)

Aralu tvak kwatha is used for bathing *Pootana graha*. (u. 32)

Guggulu (Commiphora mukul, Burseraceae)

- *Uttama guggulu* with *Gomutra* is advised in case of *Urustambha*. (ci. 5)
- In *Shota guggulu* is advised with *Gomutra*. (ci. 23)
- Guggulu dhoopa is advised in case of Karnadourganfhya. (u. 21)

Shallaki (Boswellia serrata, Burseraceae)

- Sahallaki twak kwatha with Triphala is used for Vrana prakshalana. (ci. 19/42)
- Anjana prepared from Shallaki swarasa is advised in Pittabhishyanda. (u. 10/7)
- *Shallaki tvak choorna, Sharkara* and *Madhu* is given in *Atisara*. (u. 40/96)
- *Shallaki twak* is boiled in *Ksheera* and taken with *Madhu*, cures *Raktatisara*. (u. 40/119)
- *Shallaki dhooma* is advised in *Shwasa* patient. (u. 51/51)

Nimba (Azadirachta indica, Meliaceae)

- *Nimba panchanga kwatha* is given internally in patient with *Galitha kushta*. (ci. 9)
- *Nimba moola tvak kwatha* is given in *Surameha*. (ci. 11)
- *Nimba jala* is advised for head wash in case of *Arumshika*. (ci. 20)
- *Nimba tvak* and *Aragvadha kwatha* is done Utsadana in case of *Padmini kantaka*. (ci. 20)
- The supernatant portion obtained on churning *Nimba patra* in *Jala* with *Madhu* and *Phanita*, to induce *Vamana* in Daha jwara. It relieves *Daha*. (u. 39)
- Warm Nimba swarasa is advised for Kaphaja trishna patient to induce Vamana. (u. 48)

Jyotishmati (Celastrus paniculata, Celastraceae)

• *Jyotishmati taila* with *Sarja kshara, Hing* and *Ksheera* is advised to drink in case of *Udara*. (ci. 14/10)

Badara (Zizyphus jujube, Rhamnaceae)

Badara moola tvak choorna with *Madhu* is given in *Atisara*. (u. 40)

Draksha (Vitis Vinifera, Vitaceae)

Draksha rasa is advised in *Mootravarodhajanya udavarta*. (u. 55)

Bhallataka (Semecarpus anacardium, Anacardiaceae)

- 4 *Tola* of *Bhallataka kwatha* is advised in *Arsha* patient prepred out of 1 *Bhallataka* fruit. The no. of *Bhallataka* should be increased by 1 daily till it reaches 5, then it should be reduced gradually, till it reaches 1. (ci. 6)
- Bhallataka taila is advised in Sarva kushta. (ci. 9)
- Bhallataka, Vidanga and Abhaya kwatha is advised in Kushta patient. (ci. 9)
- In *Anjana visha, Bhallataka pushpa* is made *Kalka* in *Ksheera* and applied. (ka. 1)

Shigru (Moringa oleifera, Moringaceae)

- Shigru taila is best in Kshata kushta. (ci. 9)
- Shigru kwatha, Pippali, Saindava, Chitraka together advised in case of Plihodara. (ci. 14)
- Shigru beeja choorna nasya is advised in Apachi. (ci. 18)

Palasha (Butea monosperma, Fabaceae)

- Palashapushpa anjana is advised in Pittabhishyanda. (u. 10/9)
- Palasha beeja swarasa with Tandulodaka is advised in Krimi. (u. 54/25)
- 3 Palasha pushpa Ghana varti anjana is advised in Raktabhishyanda (u. 12/50)
- Palasha panchanga siddha grita with Madhu is advised in Raktapitta. (u. 45/29)
- *Palasha swarasa* is applied all over the body in case of *Daha* in *Jwara*. (u. 39/280)
- Palasha kshara with Avimootra is advised in Mootra sharkar (ci. 7/22)

Mudgaparni and Mashaparni

(Mudgaparni-Vigna trilobata, Fabaceae:

Mashaparni- Teramnus labialis, Fabaceae)

Mudgaparni, Mashaparni and Sinduvara with Madhu are advised in Mooshika visha. (ka. 6)

Kulattha (Dolichos biflorus, Leguminosae)

- *Kulattha yoosha* with *Saindava* and *Maricha* is advised in *Vataja shoola*. (ci. 42)
- *Kulattha kwatha* is advised in *Krimi roga.* (*Ksheera* is given as *Pathya*). (ci. 54)

Shimshipa (Dalbergia sissoo, Fabaceae)

• Shimshipa kashaya is advised in Vasameha. (ci. 11)

• Shimshipa – 1 part, Jala – 16 parts, Ksheera – 32 part. Dugdhavashishta Ksheerapaka is prepared and it is advised in all cases of Jwara. (u. 39)

Khadira (Acacia catechu, Mimosaceae)

- Khadira sara or Moola kwatha is best in Kushta. (ci. 9)
- Khadira and Kramukha kashaya is advised in Kshaudra meha. (ci. 11)
- *Khadira kashya* is advised in *Shanair meha*. (ci. 11)
- *Khadira jala* is advised in *Ahara, Pana* and *Snana* for *Kushta* patient. (u. 22/96)

Tinisha (Ougeinia dalbergioides, Fabaceae)

• *Tinisha twasha choorna* with *Ksheera* and *Madhu* is advised in *Raktatisara*. (u. 40/119)

Karanja (Pongamia pinnata, Fabaceae)

- *Karanja taila* is advised in *Vrana* because of *Kushta*. (ci. 9/53)
- Karanja beeja choorna with Adhu and Grita is advised in Raktapitta. (u. 45/25)
- *Karanja patra siddha yavagu* is advised in *Chardi*. (u. 49/29)
- Karnja taila is advised in Kacchu, Pama, Vicarchikadi tvak vikara. (ci. 20)

Vidari kanda (Pueraria tuberose, Fabaceae)

Vidari kanda is done Bhavana in its own Swarasa for 21 times. And this powder is taken with Madhu and Grita for Vajeekaranaartha. (ci. 26)

Shana (Crotalaria juncea, Fabaceae)

Vayasthapanartha Shana beeja should be boiled in Ksheera and taken. (ci. 27/12)

Neela (Indigofera tinctoria, Fabaceae)

Nili pushpa choorna or Nili phala choorna should be taken with *Grita* to induce *Virechana* in case of *Pakwashayagata visha*. (ka. 1/43)

Yashtimadhu (Glycyrrhiza glabra, Fabaceae)

- *Yashtimadhu kwatha* with *Madhu* should be done *Navana nasya* in *Ardhavabhedaka*. (u. 26)
- *Madhuka kwatha* or *Madhuka choorna* with *Madhu* should be taken in case of *Pandu*. (u. 44)
- In Adhoga raktapitta, Vamana should be advised with Madhuyashti kwatha and Madhu. (u. 45)
- *Yashtimadhu choorna* 1 *Tola*, with water is advised in *Adhoga rakta pitta*. (u. 45)

Prishna parni (Uraria picta, Fabaceae)

Taila prepared from *Prishnaparni swarasa, Taila* and *Ajadugdha* is indicated in *Prabala vatarakta*. (ci. 5)

Shalaparni (Desmodium gangeticum, Fabaceae)

Shalaparni and Trikatu siddha ksheerapaka is indicated in Shoola and Atisara. (u. 40/145)

Gunja (Abrus precatorius, Fabaceae)

• *Gunja kalka* is repetedly used for *Pracchana* in *Indralupta*. (ci. 20)

• Gunja should be tied in neck for Putana graham pratishedha. (u. 12)

Kapikacchu (Mucuna pruriens, Fabaceae)

- *Kapikacchu moola churna* 1 *Tola* with *Jala* is advised in *Pakwatisara* and *Raktatisara*. (u.40/74)
- *Kapikacchu moola sadhita ksheera* is advised in *Atisara*. (u. 40/110)
- Kapikacchu beeja should be boiled in Godhuma Ksheera and ghee should be added. Only the milky portion should be advised as Vajeekaraka. (ci. 26/30)

Paribhadra (Erythrina indica, Fabaceae)

- *Paribhadra twak kwatha* is advised in *Udaka meha*. (ci. 11)
- *Paribhadra twak kwatha* is advised in *Putana graham parishedha*. (u. 32)
- *Paribadra swarasa* with *Madhu* is advised in *Krimi*. (u. 54)

Puti karanja (Holoptelea integrifolia, Ulmaceae)

- Putikaranja patra kshara with Vidanga, Saindava and Pippali churna should be boiled in Amla rasa and given in Udara rogi. (ci 14)
- In *Shleepada puti karanja patra swarasa* is advised to drink according to patient's *Shakti*. (ci. 19/60)
- Putikaranja moola, Shunti, Citraka moola in equal quantity should be taken in Putikaranja kshara is advised in Arsha. (ci. 6)
- Puti karanja and Karanja taila is advised in Dushta vrana. (ci. 31)
- Putikaranja and Aragwadha pallava should be fried in ghee and taken in Gulma. (u. 42)
- Putikarnja swarasa with Madhu is advised in Krimi.
 (u. 64)

Aragwadha (Cassia fistula, Fabaceae)

- *Aragwadha patra* is advised in *Vrana prakshalana*. (ci. 19/39)
- Aragwadha kashaya is advised in Haridra meha. (ci. 11/7)

Kovidara (Bauhinia purpurea, Caesalpiniaceae)

Kovidara moola twak is pasted and given in Sarpa damshtra. (ka. 5/17)

Saptala (Euphorbia lutescens, Euphorbiaceae)

Saptala and Shankini swarasa siddha gritha is advised for Virechana in Dushyoūdara. (ci. 14/8)

Shirisha (Albizzia lebbeck, Fabaceae)

- Shirisha moola and Phala swarasa is used as Nasya in Ardhavabhedaka. (u. 26/32)
- Shirisha moola and Apamarga swarasa with Madhu is taken internally in Krimi. (u. 54/24)
- Shirisha saara, Phala, Twak choorna with Madhu should be given in Mooshaka visha. (ka. 7/20)
- In *Danta kashta visha* the *Shirisha beeja churna* is advised for *Danta dhavana*. (ka. 7/20)
- Shirisha panchanga Kwatha, Madhu, Saindava and Trikatu churna is advised in Sarpavisha. (ka. 6/81)

Haritaki (Terminalia chebula, Combretaceae)

- *Haritaki* with *Guda* is advised in *Vatarakta*. (ci. 5)
- *Guda haritaki* is advised in *Pratha kaala* in *Adrushya arshas.* (ci. 6)
- *Haritaki* should be given in *Gomutra* in *Kaphaja shleepada*. (ci. 19)
- *Guda haritaki* is given in *Gulma*. (u. 42)
- *Haritaki churna* with *Ushnodaka* is advised in *Hikka*. (u. 50)

Dhava (Anogeissus latifolia, Combretaceae)

• *Dhava swarasa* or *Dhava swarasa siddha taila* is used in *Karna purana* in case of *Karna pooya*. (u. 21/47)

Arjuna (Terminalia arjuna, Combretaceae)

- *Arjuna twak sheeta kashaya* with *Madhu* is advised in *Rakatpitta*. (u. 45/24)
- Arjuna twak with Shweta chanada kashaya is advised in Shukra meha. (ci. 11)

Vibhitaki (*Terminalia bellirica*, Combretaceae)

Vibhitaki beeja churna with *Madhu* is given in *Mootra krichra* and *Ashmari*.

Jambu (Syzygium cumini, Myrtaceae)

- *Jambu pallava kwatha* is used for *Netra prakshala* in *Kukunaka*. (u. 19/13)
- Jambu twak hima with Madhu is advised in Raktapitta. (u. 45/23)

Jeemutaka (Luffa echinata, Cucurbetaceae)

Jeemutaka phala churna with Dadhi is given to induce Vamana is Mooshaka visha. (ka. 7/35)

Karavellaka (Momordica charantia, Cucurbitaceae)

Karavellaka kwatha siddha taila is indicated in Vatarkata. (ci. 5/12)

Karkotaka (Momordica dioica, Cucurbitaceae)

Karkota patra is advised as *Pathya* in *Jwara*. (u. 39/150)

Indravaruni (Citrullus colocynthis, Cucurbitaceae)

Indravaruni moola churna with *Guda* is given in *Kamala*. (u. 44)

Brahmi (Bacopa monnieri, Plantaginaceae)

Brahmi is advised in the form of Swarasa and Kalka in Kuti praveshika rasayan, for Ayushya and Buddhi vriddhi. (ci. 28)

Ankola (Alangium salvifolium, Alangiaceae)

- Ankola moola is advised for chewing and Ankola moola churna is given internally in Danta kashtagata visha. (ka. 1/50)
- *Ankola pushpa* is done paste and used as *Anjana* in *Anhjana visha*. (ka. 1/72)

Manjista (Rubia cordifolia, Rubiaceae)

Manjishta and Shwetha chandana kwatha is advised in Manjishta meha. (ci. 11)

Kusumbha (Carthamus tinctorius, Asteraceae)

Kusumbha taila is advised in Prameha. (ci. 31/5)

Rasna (Pluchea lanceolata, Asteraceae)

Rasna swarasa siddha tila taila is advised in Swasa and Kasa. (u. 51)

Chitraka (Plumbago zeylanica, Plumbaginaceae)

- 1/4th *Tola* of *Chitraka moola churna* with *Jala* is advised in *Arsha*. (ci. 9/45)
- Chitraka moola kwatha is advised Sikatha meha. (ci. 11/8)
- *Bala* and *Chitraka moola churna*, 1 *Tola* with *Ushnodaka* is advised in *Panduroga*. (u. 44/26)
- Chitrakamoola churna, Gomutra, Trikatu, Gritha, Madhu should be mixed and kept in a pot. This mixture should be taken out after 1 Paksha and given in Shwitra. (ci. 9/39)

Vidanga (Embilia ribes, Myrsinaceae)

Vidanga churna and Yashtimadhu in equal quantity with Sheetala jala in Prataha kaala for 1 Maasa in increasing order is advised as Rasayana in case of Arsha and Krimi. (ci. 27)

Madhuka (Madhuca longifolia, Sapotaceae)

- In *Shukra roga, Madhuka sara* is used as *Anjana*. (u. 12/33)
- Madhuka swarasa, Nagakesara, Mishri, Madhu, altogether is advised in case of Hikka. (u. 50/24)
- Madhuka swarasa, Madhu and Gritha are given in Chardi. (u. 39/294)
- Madhuka swarasa siddha taila is advised in Karna purana. (u. 21/47)
- Madhuka sara rasa is given as Nasya, relieves Apachi. (ci. 18/23)
- Madhuka twak is used in Kusha bhanda in Asthi bagna. (ci. 3/6)

Rajadana (Manikara hexandra, Sapotaceae)

• Rajadana patra kalka in Ksheera is advised for Lepa in Nyaccha. (ci. 20)

Lodhra (Symplocos racemosa, Symplocaceae)

• Lodhra kwatha is advised in Mukha roga.

Mushkaka (Schrebera swietenioides, Oleaceae)

- *Mushkaka moola twak siddha gritha* is advised in *Kushta*. (ci. 9/49)
- *Mushkaka pushpa* should be done paste and the froath coming out should be put as *Anjana*. (ka. 1/71)

Parijata (Nyctanthes arbor-tristis, Oleaceae)

- Parijata panchanga kwatha is advised in Udaka meha. (ci. 11/8)
- Parijata, Ikshuraka, Apamarga kshara siddha taila should be given in *Pleehodara*. (ci. 14/12)

Pilu (Salvadora persica, Salvadoraceae)

Pilu with *Saindhava lavana* is advised in *Gulma*. (u. 42)

Kutaja (Holarrhena antidysenterica, Apocynaceae)

• *Kutaja twak pahanitha* is advised in *Kapha pitta mishrita raktarshas*. (ci. 6/93)

- *Kutaja moola* and *Vanda churna* with *Takra* is advised in all types of *Arshas*. (ci. 6/94)
- In case of *Adhika kapha srava* in *Raktatisara, Kutaja twak phanita* should be given. (ci. 40/90)
- Kutaja pushpa aklka is advised in Prameha. (ci. 11/7)

Saptaparna (Alstonia scholaris, Apocynaceae)

- Saptaparna kashaya is advised in Sandra meha. (ci. 11)
- *Saptaparna kashta churna* with *Madhu* is advised for *Danta dhavana* in *Dantha kashtagata visha*. (ka. 1/50)
- Saptaparna pushpa churna with Pippali churna is advised with Madhu in Shwasa and Kasa. (u. 51/35)

Karavira (Nerium indicum, Apocynaceae)

- *Karavira kshara* with *Avi mootra* is advised in case of *Ashmari* and *Sharkara*. (ci. 7/23)
- *Karavira patra kwatha* is advised for *Prakshalana* in *Upadamsha*. (ci. 19/3)

Arka (Calotropis procera, Asclepiadaceae)

- *Arkapatra kwatha* is advised internally in *Kushta*. (ci. 9/51)
- Taila prepared from Arkapatra with Kanji is best for Karnashoola. (u. 21/23,24)
- Arka komala patra swarasa with Yava and Madhu is advised in Shwasa. (u. 52/36)
- Arka dugdha Choorna, Shushka mamsa choorna, Tila taila, Guda all should be mixed and Vati is prepared. And given in Alarka visha. (ka. 7/52)
- Arka dugdha vishodana should be given in Alarka visha. (ka. 7/51)

Sariva (Hemidesmus indicus, Asclepidaceae)

- Sariva moola should be tied in Shishu kati pradesha in Skandapasmara. (u. 29)
- *Sariva moola choorna sadhita ksheera* should be converted to *Dadhi* and indicated in *Arsha*. (ci. 6)
- *Sariva patra kwatha* is advised in *Vranashodana*. (ci. 18)
- Sariva moola siddha grita is advised in Mooshaka visha. (ka. 6)
- Sariva kwatha parishecana is advised in child affected with Pootana graham. (u. 32)
- *Sariva moola saditha grita* is advised in *Shwasa*. (u. 51)

Kataka (Strychnos potatorum, Loganiaceae)

Kataka beeja with *Saindhava* and *Madhu* should be rubbed and *Anjana* is prepared. This is indicated in *Raktabhishyanda*. (u. 12/23)

Shleshmantaka (Cordia dichotoma, Boraginaceae)

- *Shleshmantaka twak* is given in 10 types of *Loota visha*. (ka. 8/108)
- *Gritha samskrita Shleshmantaka shaka* is advised in *Raktapitta*.(u. 45/16)

Akhuparni (Merremia emarginata, Convolvulaceae)

Aakhuparni with *Pishti*, *Pupoolika* are prepared and taken with *Dhanyamla*. It is best in *Krimi peedita vyakti*. (u. 54/27)

Trivrit (Operculina turpethum, Convolvulaceae)

- *Trivrit choorna* should be taken for 1 month in *Vatajanya shota*. (ci. 23)
- *Trivrit choorna* with *Madhu* is given in *Prabala jwara*. (u. 36)
- *Nishota shaka* is advised in *Gulma*. (u. 42)
- *Nishota choorna* with *Sharkara* is advised in *Kamala*. (u. 44)

Kantakari (Solanum xanthocarpum, Solanaceae)

- Kantakari swarasa siddha taila is advised in Alasa.
 (ci. 30)
- *Sukhoshna kantakari swarasa sechana* is advised in *Vatabhishyanda*. (u. 12)
- Kantakari moola choorna, Hingu and Madhu is advised in Shwasa. (u. 51)
- Kantakari grita is advised in Shwasa, Kasa, Agnisada, Swarabedha. (u. 51)
- *Kantakari swarasa* with *Madhu* is given in *Mootradosha*. (u. 58)

Brihati (Solanum indicum, Solanaceae)

Anjana shuld be filled in *Pakwa brihati phala*, by removing seeds. After 7 days the fruit should be used as *Anjana*.

Kakamachi (Solanum nigrum, Solanaceae)

Kakamachi siddha grita is advised in Mooshaka damshtra. (ka 7/31)

Ashwagandha (Withania somnifera, Solanaceae)

- Ashwandha choorna siddhagrita is advised in Shosha. (u. 41/42)
- Ashwagandha choorna, Pippali, Sita with Madhu, gritha are advised in Kshaya roga. (u. 41/42)

Dattura (Datura metel, Solanaceae)

• Shweta punarnava moola, with Dattura moola choorna in Sheetala jala is advised in Alarka visha. (ka. 6)

Katuki (Picrorhiza kurroa, Plantaginaceae)

- *Katuki choorna* with *Mishri* is advised in *Kaphapitta vikara*. (u. 36)
- *Gairika* and *Katuki choorna* is advised in case of *Hikka*. (u. 50)

Paatala (Stereospermum suaveolens, Bignoniaceae)

- *Patala kshara* is advised in case of *Ashmari*. (ci. 7/23)
- Paatala phala and Pushpa choorna with Madhu should be given in Hikka. (u. 50/26)
- Patala kshara taila is advised to take internally in Mootra vikara. (u. 58/46)

Shyonaka (Oroxylum indicum, Bignoniaceae)

Puta paka rasa of Shyonaka twak with Madhu is usefull in Atisara. (u. 40)

Vasa (Adathoda vasica, Acanthaceae)

- Vasa grita with Madhu is indicated in Kshaya, Shwasa, Kasa and Pandu. (u. 41/43)
- *Vasa moola sidda taila* should be fortified by chanting *Gayatri mantra* and this is used as *Rasayana*. (ci. 28/17)
- Vasapatra swarasa with Madhu and Mishri is advised in Raktapitta. (u. 45/31)
- *Vasa grita* is indicated in *Shwasa*. (u. 51/26)

Kokilaksha (Astercantha longifolia, Acanthaceae)

• Kokilaksha and Kapikacchu beeja churna with Dharoshna and Sharkara is indicated in Vajeekarana. (ci. 26/33)

Nirgundi (Vitex negundo, Verbenaceae)

• *Nirgundi muktankura* with ghee should be used in *Raktapitta*. (u. 45)

Harenuka (Vitex agnus-castus, Verbenaceae)

- *Harenuka beeja choorna* with *Pippali* should be taken along with *Dahi* in *Kasa*. (u. 52/18)
- Renuka beeja should be done Bhavana in Amra and Jambu pushpa swarasa. This is dried and Anjana is prepared and used in Netraroga. (u. 17/10)

Gambhari (Gmelina arborea, Verbenaceae)

• Kashmari phala majja kwatha and Sharkara should be given in Daha, Trishnayukta jwara. (u. 36/156)

Agnimantha (Premna serratifolia, Verbinaceae)

• Agnimantha moola kwatha is given in Ikshu meha and Vasa meha. (ci. 11/8)

Bharangi (Clerodendrum serratum, Verbenaceae)

• Bharangi siddha sura is advised in Apasmara. (u. 61)

Ramatulasi (Ocimum gratissimum, Lamiaceae)

• *Ramatulasi patra* is rubbed over body to produce heat effect in *Sheeta peedita jwara*. (u. 36/267)

Punarnava (Boerhaavia diffusa, Nyctaginaceae)

- *Punarnava moola sidda Ksheera* is advised in *Mootrashmari*. (ci. 7)
- *Punarnava moola kwatha* with *Shunti* is advised *Shota*. (ci. 23)
- *Shweta punarnava moola* with *Madhu* is advised in *Mooshaka visha*. (ka. 6)
- *Punarnava moola sidda ksheera* is advised in *Jwara*. (u. 36)
- Shweta punarnava moola with Dattura beeja choorna is advised in Alarka visha. (ka. 6)

Apamarga (Achyranthes aspera, Amaranthaceae)

- Apamarga moola is indicated in Arsha along with Tandulodaka and Madhu. (ci. 6/13)
- Shirisha and Apamarga patra swarasa with Madhu is indicated in Krimi. (u. 54)

Tanduliyaka (Amaranthus spinosus, Amaranthaceae)

• *Tanduliya shaka* is best in *Arsha*. (ci. 5)

• Tanduliya moola churna or Swrasa with Madhu is advised in Mooshaka visha. (ka. 5)

Pippali (Piper longum, Piperaceae)

- Pippali vardhamana rasayana is advised in case of Vatarakta, Vishama jwara, Aruchi, Pandu, Pleehodara, Arsha, Kasa, Shwasa, Shopha, Shosha, Agnimandhya, Hridroga, Udara. (ci. 5)
- *Pippali* or *Pipplai moola* with *Takra* is advised for one month, provided patient should not take any food. (ci. 6)
- *Pippali moola* with *Aja dugdha* should be advised in *Krimi roga*. (ci. 2)

Maricha (Piper nigrum, Piperaceae)

 Maricha choorna with Vacha and Amladadhi is advised to take in Niranna avastha in Apatanaka. (ci. 5)

Agaru (Aquilaria agallocha, Thymelaeaceae)

- *Agaru sara* with *Sneha* is advised in *Dadru, Kitibha kushta*. (ci. 31/5)
- *Agaru* and *Patha kwatha* is advised in *Lavanameha*. (ci. 11/8)

Chandana (Santalum album, Santalaceae)

- Chanada kwatha is advised in Pradara and Dourgandhyayukta artava. (sha. 2/10)
- Arjuna and Chandana kwatha should be advised in Shukrameha. (ci. 11)
- Candana and Manjishta kashaya is advised in Manjishta meha. (ci. 11)

Amalaki (Phyllanthus emblica, Euphorbiaceae)

- Anjana should be prepared from Amalaki phala and Swarasa and used in Raktabhishyanda. (u. 12/49)
- In *Mootra dosha* and Ruja 1 Kudava of *Amalaka swarasa* should be advised to take. (u. 58/40)
- *Amalkai corona sadhita ksheera* with *Gritha* is advised in *Kasa.* (u. 52/36)
- After Shodana amalaki swarasa with Haridra churna and Madhu is advised in Prameha patient. (ci. 11/7)
- *Dadhi* prepared from *Ksheera* kept in a *Ghata*, smeared with *Amalaki Choorna* should be churned and *Takra* is advised in case of *Arsha*. (ci. 6/13)
- Amalaki grita prepared from Purana grita and Amalaki swarasa should be advised in Vatarakta. (ci. 5/12)
- Amalaki churna siddha kwatha is advised for Mukha prakshalana after Danta dhavana and same Sheeta kwatha should be put on face for Netra swasthya. It protects from Nilika, Vyanga, Mukhashosha, Pidaka. (ci. 24/15)
- Amalaki churna should be done Bhavana in Amalki swarasa for 21 times, and this Churna should be taken in Pratah and Sayam with Sharkara, Madhu and Sarpi followed by Ksheera sevana. It acts as Vajeekarana. (u. 26/24)

- *Amalaki* and *Ikshu swarasa* with *Madhu* is advised in *Pandu*. (u. 44/18 & 44/27)
- *Amalaki swarasa* with *Jala* should be taken for 3 days in case of *Udavarta*. (u. 55/22)
- *Amalaki swarasa siddha gritha* with *Madhu* should be taken in *Moorcha*. (u. 46/19)

Putranjeevaka (Putranjiva roxburghi, Putranjivaceae)

Putranjeevaka swarasa is used in *Shleepada*. (ci. 19/61)

Eranda (Ricinus communis, Euphorbiaceae)

- *Eranda taila parisheka* is advised in *Apatanaka*. (ci. 5/18)
- *Eranda taila* with *Ksheera* is advised in *Vriddhi* (ci. 19/6)
- In *Vatajanya shotha eranda taila* should be advised with *Trivrit* for 15 days to 1 month. (ci. 23/24)
- Eranda moola, Patra, Twak should be boiled in Ksheera and the Ksheera should be put as eye drops in Vatabhishyanda. (u. 9/11)

Vata (Ficus benghalensis, Moraceae)

Vata pallava with Doorva swrasa along with Madhu should be advised in Raktapitta. (u. 45)

Shakhotaka (Streblus asper, Moraceae)

• In Apachi shakotaka siddha taila is advised as Virechanika nasya. (ci. 18/23)

Udumbara (Ficus racemosa, Moraceae)

- *Udumbara phala swarasa* should be advised in *Raktapitta*. (u. 45/23)
- Udumbara phala swarasa with Sharkara or Udumbara phala kwatha is advised in case of Trishna. (u. 45/22)

Plaksha (Ficus microcarpa, Moraceae)

Plaksha twak should be pasted and mixed with milk and *Madhu*. This is advised in *Raktatisara*. (u. 40/119)

Aswattha (Ficus religiosa, Moraceae)

- Ashwattha mooola twak kashaya is advised in Neela meha. (ci. 11/8)
- Ashwattha phala, Moola, Twak and Shringa siddha ksheera with Mishri and Madhu is indicated as Vajeekarana dravya. (ci. 26/27)
- *Ashwattha twak* is used in *Bhagna asthi bandhana*. (ci. 3/6)

Chirabilwa (Holoptelia integrifolia, Ulmaceae)

• *Taila brishta cirabilwa patra* is advised in *Vataja shoola*. (u. 42/90)

Katphala (Myrica nagi, Myricaceae)

- In *Shiroroga katphala choorna* is advised in the form of *Greya nasya*. (u. 26/22)
- *Katphala* should be pasted with *Naari stanya* or *Jala*, this should be put in *Netra* with silk cloth in case of *Pittaja netrabhishyanda*. (u. 100/22)

• Katphala, Gomutra, Gritha, Samudraphena, Pippali, Madhu, Saindava in equal quantity should be mixed and pipe shaped structure should be prepared. This anjana should be advised in Netra roga. (u. 17/20)

Vetasa (Salix caprea, Salicaceae)

Vetasa twak kwatha should be advised in *Purana jwara*. (u. 39)

Devadaru (Cedrus deodara, Pinaceae)

- Devadaru kwatha is advised in Jwara. (u. 39)
- Devadaru kwatha with Shunti and Gomutra is advised in case of Shotha. (ci. 23)

Sarala (Pinus longifolia, Pinaceae)

- The *Sarala kashta* should be covered with a *Vastra* and *Grita* is put on that *Vastra*. This should be burnt and the oil which oozes is collected. This is called *Deepika Taila*. This is used in various *Karna roga*. (u. 21/22)
- *Sarala kashta dhoopana* is advised in *Vrana*. (su. 36/20)

Haridra (Curcuma longa, Zingiberaceae)

• 1 *Pala* of *Haridra choorna* with *Gomutra* for 1 month is advised in *Kushta*. (ci. 9/43)

Shunti (Zingiber officinale, Zingiberaceae)

- Ardraka swarasa with Taila, Madhu, Saindava lavana should be used as Karna purana in Karna shoola. (ci. 5)
- Shunti choorna with Guda is advised in Kamala. (u. 44)
- Trivrit with Shunti choorna is advised in Gulma. (u. 42)

Ela (Elettaria Cardamomum, Zingiberaceae)

- Amalaki swarasa with Ela choorna is advised in Mootrakriccha. (u. 58/41)
- *Ela choorna* with *Madhya* is advised in *Udavarta*. (u. 55/22)

Kumkuma (Crocus sativus, Iridaceae)

- *Kesara kwatha* should be advised in *Mootrajanya udavarta*. (u. 55/25)
- 1 *Tola* of *Kesara* is soaked in *Madhu* and *Jala* in night, this is taken in *Praatah kaala* in case of *Mootraghata*. (u. 58/31)

Varahi kanda (Dioscorea alata, Dioscoreaceae)

Kanda choorna with *Taila* is advised in case of *Nadivrana*. (ci. 17/36)

Lashuna (Allium sativum, Liliaceae)

- In *Vishama jwara lashuna* is advised to take in *Prataha kaala* along with *Gritha*. (ci. 39)
- Lashuna is advised in Kshaya as Rasayana. (u. 41)

Shatavari (Asparagus racemosus, Asparagaceae)

- *Shatavari moola kalka* with *Ksheera* is advised in case of *Arsha*. (ci. 6)
- *Shatavari moola swarasa* with *Madhu* and *Grita* is advised in *Karnagata visha*. (ka. 1)

- *Shatavari kashta dharana* in case of *Shakuni graham*. (ci. 30)
- *Guduchi* and *Shatavari swarasa* with *Guda* is advised in case of *Vataja jwara*. (u. 39)
- Shatavari choorna with Gomutra is advised in case of Kaphaja swara kshaya. (u. 53)

Langali (Gloriosa superb, Liliaceae)

- *Langali moola kalka* is rubbed to induce *Aparapaatana*. (sha. 10/21)
- *Trivrit* and *Langali siddha ksheera* is advised in case of *Unmattha karna roga*. (ci. (25/19)

Taala (Borassus flabellifer, Arecaceae)

Taala moola with *Tandulodaka* is made paste and given in *Mootraghata*. (u. 58/41)

Kharjura (Phoenix sylvestris, Arecaceae)

- *Kharjura* and *Draksha avaleha* should be given to patient in case of *Mukha vairasyata* in *Jwara*. (ci. 8/94)
- *Kharjura beeja churna* with equal quantity of *Pippali choorna* is advised in case of *Hikka*. (u. 50/28)
- *Kharjura* with *Madhu* is advised in *Rakta pitta*. (u. 45/20)

Vacha (Acorus calamus, Acoraceae)

- Vacha choorna with Ksheera is advised as Rasayana. (ci. 28)
- Vacha kanda is tied in child's neck in Naigamesha graha.

Musta (Cyperus Rotundus, Cyperaceae)

- Musta choorna should be boiled with with Ksheera and Jala, 3 times that of Choorna. The Ksheeraavashesha should be given in Amatisaara. (u. 40)
- *Musta kashaya* with *Madhu* is advised in case of *Pakwatisaara*. (u. 40)

Doorva (Cynodon dactylon, Poaceae)

Vata pallava with Doorva swrasa along with Madhu should be advised in Raktapitta. (u. 45)

Vamsha (Bambusa arundinacea, Poaceae)

In Akshi shoola vamsha moola rasakriya or Ghanakshara varti with Madhu should be applied as Anjana. (u. 12/49)

Ikshu (Saccharum officinarum, Poaceae)

- *Ikshu rasa* should be given as *Pathy* and *Ikshu mantha* is advised in case of *Pandu roga*. (u. 44/18)
- *Ikshu swarasa siddha gritha* is advised in case of *Urakshata* and *Kshaya* with *Kasa*. (u. 52)
- *Ikshu swarasa* should be made warm and done done *Seka* on *Visarpa*. (ci. 17/9)

Yava (Hordeum vulgare, Poaceae)

- Arka ankura swarasa bhavita yava choorna with Madhu is advised in case of Shwasa. (u. 51/36)
- *Yava audana* is advised in *Timira*. (u. 17/69)
- Yava is told as Pathya in Pandu. (u. 44/37)

Kodrava (Paspalum scrobiculatum, Poaceae)

 Kodrava kshara jala is applied to Shira in case of Darunaka. (ci. 20/29)

Sunishannaka (Marsilea minuta, Marsileaceae)

- It is told as *Pathya* in *Netra roga*. (u. 17/50)
- *Sunishannaka* boiled in *Gritha* should be given in *Raktapitta*. (u. 45/16)

DISCUSSION

Acharya Sushruta has told more than 300 single drug indications in Sushrutha samhita. These Eka moolika prayoga not only include drugs for diseases but also for Swastha hita purpose that is to maintain once own health. These also include single drugs for Shodhana, Visha chikitsa and Graha pratishedh. Swasthahita includes Dravvas for Rasavana, Vajikarana, Buddhi Vriddhi and Vayasthapana. Vyadhi prashamana includes different types of diseases like Prameha, Kshudra Roga, Shwasa, Kasa, Raktapitta, Vataraktha, Atisara, Krimi, Jwara, Mootra Roga, Arsha, Kushta, Pandu, Kamala, Shothakshava, Netraroga, Karnaroga, Vrana etc. Aacharva Sushruta has shown special interest in ophthalmic diseases which is clearly visible as there are many single drugs indicated for maintaining the health of eyes and also in treating many eye diseases. Among these indications the part used commonly in the plant medicine are mentioned like Moola, Twak, Sara, Niryasa, Phala, Patra, Pushpa along with rarely used parts like Vranta, Ankura, Keshara, Bija, Mulatvak, Shakha. In the dosage form many indications are mainly in the form of Churna, Swarasa, Kashaya, Thaila paka, Grita, Ksheerapaka, Kalka, Anjana and also includes few drugs in the form of Kshara, Ksharajala, Yusha, Yavagu, Sura, Audhana, Mantha, Panitha, Putapaka Swarasa, Dadi, Pupulika. There are few drugs told to tie to the particular part of the body in case of Graha Pratishedha. A wide variety of Anupana are used along with the main drugs which includes honey, ghee, milk. cow's urine, rice washed water and also many other drugs are told as the adjuvent like Yashtimadhu, Shunti, Maricha, Pippali.

CONCLUSION

The *Eka moolika prayoga* mentioned by Acharya Sushruta gives a wide range of knowledge in both *Swasthasya swasthya rakshanam* and *Vikara prashamanam* thus fulfilling main motto of Ayurveda. Non-availability, increased exploitation, high cost and vagueness in identification of medicinal plants are the major hurdles in using compound formulation and thus there is utmost need for encouraging the use of single drugs. Thus the above literary review fulfills the purpose.

Abbrevations

S. No.	Abbreviations	Full form
1	Su.	Sutra sthana
2	U.	Uttara sthana
3	Ка.	Kalpa sthana
4	Ci.	Chikitsa sthana

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